



## 57

## CONSTITUTIONAL ACT

of January 29, 6817

on the Sustainability of the Population and the Meat Conversion of Inhabitans of the Republic of Carni

*“The Viteal Major of the one who has given his body as the supreme sacrifice to the Great One shall rest with Him in the Supremum of the Universe.” – Book of Revelation 18:23:10*

*“He who has consumed the flesh of the sacrifice to the Great One shall be enriched with the Viteal Minor, which shall dwell within him until the end of ages.” – Book of Revelation 18:23:14*

## PREAMBLE

We, the legislative bodies of the Republic of Carni, conscious of our responsibility toward the planet, future generations, and the very essence of life itself; recognizing the natural principle of the cycle in which every form of existence bears the obligation of return; acknowledging the finiteness of natural resources and the ethical necessity of balance between life and its sacrifice;

recalling the *Declaration on Sustainable Return of the Living Form*, adopted by the Assembly of ORACLES (*Organization for Resource Allocation, Conversion, and Life-Energy Sustainability*) on the 17th day of the Solar Cycle 6815 in the City of New Tezcatlan;

**hereby proclaim by this Act** that the controlled, dignified, and equitable return of the citizen’s body to the Earth, known as *Meat Conversion*, is not only an ecological necessity but also a spiritually recognized form of national service.

This Act sets forth the principles, structures, and guarantees by which the Republic of Carni fulfills its participation in the Global System of Biological Balance, as defined by the international standards of ORACLES.

We adopt this Act as the central norm of the State’s biological policy, uniting science, justice, and the reverence for life into a single framework of responsible return.

PART ONE  
GENERAL PROVISIONS

## Section 1

**Purpose of the Act**

The Republic of Carni hereby undertakes to provide, on an annual basis, persons residing within its territory for the purpose of ensuring population sustainability:

- (1) In a number not exceeding 1,000 men and 2,000 women in any calendar year, consisting of persons residing in the territory of the Republic of Carni;
- (2) Within the age range of twenty to thirty-five years inclusive;
- (3) Who do not suffer from any defect or disease that could affect the quality or sanitary safety conditions of their meat and the meat products prepared from their bodies.

## Section 2

**Definitions**

For the purposes of this Act:

- (1) **“Meat Conversion”** means the entire process comprising the selection of a person, their apprehension, transportation to a Meat Conversion Center, pre-termination preparation, termination, and the slaughter dressing of the body.
- (2) **“Termination”** means the killing of persons intended for human consumption.

- (3) **“Terminated Person”** means any person designated for Meat Conversion in the final preparation process.
- (4) **“Meat Conversion Center”** means a facility designated for the meat conversion of persons.
- (5) **“Operator of a Meat Conversion Center”** means any natural or legal person managing a Meat Conversion Center and performing termination of persons or related operations within the scope of this regulation.
- (6) **“Immobilization”** means a procedure applied to a terminated person for the purpose of restricting movement in such a manner as to prevent unnecessary pain, fear, or distress, and thereby facilitate effective killing.
- (7) **“Stunning”** means a procedure that induces loss of consciousness until death, using approved means.
- (8) **“Exsanguination”** means a termination procedure consisting of the removal of the majority of blood from the body of a terminated person.
- (9) **“Slaughter Dressing”** means the removal of the internal organs from the abdominal and thoracic cavities, the severance of the head, and the splitting of the body into two halves along the spinal canal axis.
- (10) **“Partnered Couple”** means a man and a woman who have entered into marriage, or who have registered as partners with the National Sustainability Agency’s portal.

### Section 3

#### Preservation of Human Dignity

- (1) The Meat Conversion of persons present within the territory of the Republic of Carni may be carried out solely within the territory of the Republic of Carni and exclusively in facilities designated for such purpose under this Act.
- (2) All persons designated for Meat Conversion shall be guaranteed the preservation of human dignity throughout all actions connected with the Meat Conversion process.
- (3) Persons participating in the execution of Meat Conversion shall take the necessary measures to prevent pain and to minimize fear and suffering of the persons during Meat Conversion, taking into account best practices in this field and termination methods permitted under this Act. The fundamental requirement for the protection of persons during Meat Conversion is to spare them from unnecessary irritation, pain, or suffering during apprehension, transport, pre-termination preparation, and the termination itself, including immobilization, stunning, and exsanguination.
- (4) During termination and related procedures, Terminated Persons shall be spared any unnecessary pain, distress, or suffering. For these purposes, Operators of Meat Conversion Centers shall in particular take necessary measures to ensure that the Terminated Persons:
  - a) have physical comfort and protection, in particular that they are clean, kept under appropriate thermal conditions, and prevented from falling or slipping;
  - b) are protected from injury;
  - c) are held and handled with regard to their normal behavior, and do not exhibit signs of unnecessary pain, fear, or other abnormal behavior;
  - d) do not suffer as a result of prolonged deprivation of food or fluids;
  - e) are shielded from unnecessary interaction with other Terminated Persons that could worsen their living conditions.
- (5) Actions defined by this Act shall not be considered a violation of Section 3(2) of this Act.

## PART TWO

### MEAT CONVERSION AUTHORITIES

#### Section 4

##### Establishment of the Administrative Authority

- (1) As of April 1, 6817, the National Sustainability Agency is hereby established and vested with the function of the administrative authority for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) The seat of the National Sustainability Agency shall be in Yeundie.
- (3) The National Sustainability Agency shall be an independent authority subject to oversight by the Council of Elders of the Parliament of the Republic of Carni.
- (4) The National Sustainability Agency shall be directed by a Minister, who shall be appointed and dismissed by the President of the Republic of Carni upon the proposal of the Council of Elders of the Parliament of the Republic of Carni.
- (5) The Minister of the National Sustainability Agency shall, as of June 1, 6817, establish territorial offices of the administrative authority in each regional capital for the purpose of implementing the requirements of this Act.
- (6) The Minister of the National Sustainability Agency shall ensure full cooperation with the supranational organization ORACLES.
- (7) The National Sustainability Agency shall ensure the entry of data into the Global Flesh Index (GFI) maintained by ORACLES.
- (8) As of June 1, 6817, an armed unit known as the “Bete Police” shall be established within the National Sustainability Agency, vested with all rights and obligations necessary for the supervision and enforcement of the requirements of this Act.

#### Section 5

##### Organization of the Administrative Authority

- (1) For the purpose of fulfilling the provisions of this Act, the President of the Republic of Carni, upon the proposal of the Minister of the National

- Sustainability Agency, shall appoint a Chief Conversion Inspector, who shall be directly subordinate to the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency and directly superior to all divisions of the administrative authority pursuant to Section 4(2).
- (2) The National Sustainability Agency shall be structured as follows:
    - a) Office of the Minister and Chief Conversion Inspector;
    - b) Registry of persons pursuant to Section 1(3)(b) and (c) of this Act;
    - c) Central Assessment Department;
    - d) Accreditation Body for slaughter and training facilities;
    - e) Territorial offices in each regional capital, consisting of:
      - i. Chief Regional Conversion Inspector;
      - ii. Department of Registration and Supervision of persons pursuant to Section 1(3)(b) and (c);
      - iii. Assessment Department;
      - iv. Department of Termination Oversight.
  - (3) The activities of the National Sustainability Agency shall be governed by internal regulations, which shall be approved by the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency upon the proposal of the Chief Conversion Inspector.
  - (4) No appeal shall be admissible against the decision of the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency.
  - (5) Any official of the National Sustainability Agency may request the assistance of the Bete Police in carrying out acts arising under this Act.
  - (6) A central medical facility shall be established within the National Sustainability Agency for the purpose of assessing medical unfitness for Meat Conversion pursuant to Section 12 of this Act. This facility shall be equipped to hospitalize assessed citizens.
  - (4) The Chief Bete Judge and the Bete Judges shall constitute the Criminal Tribunal of the Bete Police.
  - (5) The Chief Bete Judge shall appoint at least one Judicial Officer for each territorial office of National Sustainability Agency.
  - (6) The Bete Police shall be responsible, in particular, for:
    - a) Overseeing the fair selection of persons designated for Meat Conversion;
    - b) Assisting in the apprehension of persons designated for Meat Conversion;
    - c) Supervising measures imposed by the National Sustainability Agency under this Act;
    - d) Enforcing obligations imposed on persons by this Act;
    - e) Investigating offenses against this Act;
    - f) Imposing and executing penalties imposed for offenses against this Act.
  - (7) The Bete Police shall provide assistance to the National Sustainability Agency and its territorial offices upon request.
  - (8) The seat of the Bete Police shall be in Yeundie.
  - (9) The activities of the Bete Police shall be governed by internal regulations, which shall be approved by the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency upon the proposal of the Commander.

#### Section 7

##### **Persons Participating in Meat Conversion and Qualification Requirements**

- (1) Only persons authorized under this Act may participate in Meat Conversion in any of its phases.
- (2) The authorizing body shall be the National Sustainability Agency, which shall also maintain a register of all persons authorized to participate in Meat Conversion in the Republic of Carni.
- (3) A Meat Conversion Inspector shall be entrusted with all administrative acts related to:
  - a) Registration of citizens pursuant to Section 11 of this Act, performing the entry and ante-mortem inspection in the meat conversion center pursuant to Section 21, granting consent for termination pursuant to Section 23, and conducting the post-mortem inspection pursuant to Section 25;
  - b) Classification and control inspections and assessments during hospitalization pursuant to Section 14 of this Act;
  - c) Performing the duties of the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency;
  - d) Performing the duties of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (4) A Meat Conversion Inspector shall be a graduate in general medicine who has completed six months of practice as an orderly and six months as a Meat Conversion Specialist in a Meat Conversion Center, plus one year of clinical practice in internal medicine or surgery.

#### Section 6

##### **Bete Police**

- (1) The Bete Police shall be an armed force of the Republic of Carni established for the purpose of enforcing the *ORACLES Declaration on Sustainable Return of the Living Form* to ensure compliance with Section 1 of this Act.
- (2) The Bete Police shall be headed by a Commander appointed by and subordinate to the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency of the Republic of Carni.
- (3) For the purpose of confirming penalties imposed for offenses against this Act, the structure of the Bete Police shall include the position of Chief Bete Judge and three Bete Judges, appointed by the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency.

- (5) A Meat Conversion Inspector shall be authorized to perform acts according to the type of certification attained:
  - a) Type I – with 0–10 years of practice, authorized to perform acts under paragraph 3(a);
  - b) Type II – with a minimum of 10 years of practice, having passed the qualifying examination pursuant to the methodological guidelines of the National Sustainability Agency before the accreditation body, authorized to perform acts under paragraph 3(b);
  - c) Type III – with a minimum of 15 years of practice, holding a doctoral degree in sustainability and Meat Conversion, having passed the qualifying examination pursuant to the methodological guidelines of the National Sustainability Agency before the accreditation body, authorized to perform acts under paragraph 3(c).
- (6) The Chief Conversion Inspector and the Chief Regional Conversion Inspector must meet the qualification requirements of paragraph 5(c) on the date of their appointment.
- (7) The position of Conversion Inspector shall be incompatible with the position of Meat Conversion Specialist or orderly in a Meat Conversion Center.
- (8) The administrative authority shall ensure gender balance within the corps of Conversion Inspectors.
- (9) A Meat Conversion Specialist shall perform:
  - a) Acts related to the apprehension of citizens designated for Meat Conversion and their reception at the Meat Conversion Center;
  - b) Entry examination of citizens designated for Meat Conversion at the Meat Conversion Center;
  - c) Care for citizens designated for Meat Conversion in the preparatory phase;
  - d) The termination itself;
  - e) Dressing of the carcass and butchering.
- (10) A Meat Conversion Specialist shall be a graduate in general medicine who has completed six months of practice as an orderly, one year of clinical practice in internal medicine or surgery, six months of practice in the termination department of a Meat Conversion Center under the supervision of a certified Meat Conversion Specialist, and has performed at least 50 terminations under supervision.
- (11) A member of the Bete Police shall be a graduate with a master's degree from the Police Academy of the Republic of Carni and shall have completed six months of practice in a Meat Conversion Center as a trainee.
- (12) An administrative worker in Meat Conversion shall have attained at least a secondary school education with a leaving examination and successfully completed an advanced course organized by the National Sustainability Agency.

- (13) An orderly in Meat Conversion shall have attained at least a secondary school education with a leaving examination in the field of nursing and successfully completed an advanced course organized by the National Sustainability Agency.
- (14) A trainee shall be any graduate meeting the qualification conditions under this Act who is engaged in qualification training but has not yet passed the relevant qualification examination.
- (15) The conditions and implementation of the qualification examination for Termination Inspectors, Meat Conversion Specialists, and members of the Bete Police shall be laid down by decree of the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency. The decree on the conditions of the qualification examination shall be published in the Collection of Laws.

## Section 8

### Medical and Training Facilities

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, state medical facilities shall be established in Yeundie, Rochana, Leplise, R'Abandr, Yelie, Jingi, Respqr, Trewi, and Oqueche.
- (2) Each medical facility referred to in paragraph 1 shall be equipped with outpatient departments for internal medicine, surgery, dentistry, and gynecology, and with an inpatient unit allowing for the restriction of movement of hospitalized persons and the prevention of unauthorized external entry. The inpatient unit shall be equipped with diagnostic imaging facilities and an operating theater.
- (3) Medical facilities shall be designed to allow for the separation of both sexes, except for the use of basic outpatient departments, imaging facilities, and operating theaters. Partnered Couples shall be permitted to stay together in designated wards.
- (4) Training facilities shall be established in the cities listed in paragraph 1. In addition to state training facilities, the National Sustainability Agency may authorize the establishment of private training facilities that meet the requirements of this Act.
- (5) Medical and training facilities shall be designed to provide adequate comfort for care personnel. The Director of a medical or training facility may determine the scope of permitted clothing. In justified cases, clothing may be prohibited entirely.
- (6) The operation of state medical and training facilities shall be financed from the budget of the National Sustainability Agency.

## Section 9

### Meat Conversion Centers

- (1) Meat Conversion Centers are facilities designated for the performance of Meat Conversion of persons. They may be owned by the Republic of Carni or by private persons.
- (2) The establishment of a Meat Conversion Center shall be decided by the Minister of the National

- Sustainability Agency, who shall determine its capacity.
- (3) The total number of Meat Conversion Centers in the Republic of Carni is set at 14. There shall be at least one Meat Conversion Center in each state region. One Meat Conversion Center shall be established for every (or part thereof) 600,000 inhabitants.
- (4) Where a Meat Conversion Center is established by a private person, the limits set out in paragraph 3 shall not apply.
- (5) Applications for the establishment of a privately-owned Meat Conversion Center shall be submitted to the National Sustainability Agency.
- (6) Regional catchment requirements need not be observed for the purpose of Meat Conversion.
- (7) Prior to termination, persons shall be accommodated separately by sex if they so request. Partnered Couples may be accommodated together.
- (8) A Meat Conversion Center shall comprise structurally separate units for:
- a) The reception of persons for Meat Conversion, including a changing room for storing personal belongings until termination;
  - b) An examination room for entry examinations for a standard internal medicine check-up. If the Center is used for Meat Conversion of women, the examination room must be equipped for gynecological examination. If the capacity of the Center is set at a maximum of 2 persons per day, the examination room may be part of the pre-termination preparation department;
  - c) A pre-termination preparation department, including accommodation with rooms of no more than two beds, each with its own toilet and bathroom, and an examination room as per subparagraph (b). For every six persons undergoing Meat Conversion in pre-termination preparation, one examination room must be available;
  - d) A termination unit, serving for the killing of the Terminated Person. The unit shall be designed to prevent injury to the Terminated Person or participating personnel in the event of resistance. The transmission of sounds made by Terminated Persons immediately before and during killing to other parts of the Center shall be minimized. The unit must be equipped for effective sanitation after each termination. Within the termination unit, each Center must have at least one termination hall for an approved capacity of four terminations within 24 hours;
  - e) Areas for rapid chilling and slaughter dressing of the body, including post-mortem inspection, and storage and aging of meat. Both areas must be cooled to +2 °C, with continuous temperature monitoring and recording;
- f) Separate accommodation for persons whose Meat Conversion has been interrupted pursuant to Section 26 of this Act. Such accommodation must meet the requirements of subparagraph (c) and provide at least two places for every ten persons in pre-termination preparation;
- g) Facilities for the staff of the Meat Conversion Center, including offices serving as workspace for Conversion Inspectors of the National Sustainability Agency;
- h) A structurally separate incinerator for the disposal of biological waste from Meat Conversion.
- (9) The Meat Conversion Center shall be constructed and equipped to prevent unauthorized entry into its premises.
- (10) Internal premises of the Meat Conversion Center shall be designed to prevent free movement of persons undergoing Meat Conversion.
- (11) All areas where persons undergoing Meat Conversion are present shall be maintained at a temperature between 25–27 °C, with relative humidity of 50–60%. Heating shall be provided by underfloor systems.
- (12) Prior to commencement of operation, the Meat Conversion Center must be approved by the National Sustainability Agency, whose authorized personnel shall verify compliance with the requirements of this Act on-site. Ongoing compliance checks shall be conducted by authorized Termination Inspectors reporting to the National Sustainability Agency, supplemented by inspection visits by Termination Inspectors of the National Sustainability Agency at least once every 12 months.
- (13) The Minister of the National Sustainability Agency shall order the cessation of operations of a Meat Conversion Center if a violation of this Act is found. To resume operations, the requirements set forth in paragraph 8 must be demonstrated anew.

### **PART THREE REGISTRATION OF PERSONS AND THEIR SELECTION FOR MEAT CONVERSION**

#### **Section 10**

##### **Obligations of Persons**

- (1) Any person staying within the territory of the Republic of Carni for more than 14 days, meeting the conditions set out in Section 1(3)(b) and (c), shall be obliged to:
- a) undergo registration pursuant to Section 11 of this Act;
  - b) undergo a preventive medical examination by the registering general practitioner and dentist pursuant to a special legal regulation at least once every 12 months;

- c) in the case of women, undergo an examination by the registering gynecologist pursuant to a special legal regulation at least once every 12 months;
  - d) submit to a classification and control medical examination at any time upon request by the National Sustainability Agency;
  - e) maintain a body mass index between 20 and 25;
  - f) observe principles of proper nutrition and engage in sports activities in accordance with the methodological guidelines of the National Sustainability Agency;
  - g) refrain from any use or consumption of narcotic or psychotropic substances;
  - h) to refrain from permanent body modifications, such as tattoos, piercings, and similar alterations; earrings are permitted for women;
  - i) undergo a training program if ordered by the National Sustainability Agency;
  - j) comply with all orders issued by the National Sustainability Agency and the Bete Police under this Act;
  - k) update contact details in the register pursuant to Section 12 of this Act.
- (2) All persons staying within the territory of the Republic of Carni shall be required to cooperate with the National Sustainability Agency and the Bete Police in fulfilling the requirements of this Act.

#### Section 11

##### Registration

- (1) The purpose of registration is to record a person in the active part of the register and to determine their suitability for Meat Conversion based on ascertained medical fitness and the results of other examinations. Registration commissions shall be established in the assessment departments of the territorial offices of the National Sustainability Agency for the purpose of conducting registration.
- (2) The obligation to register shall arise on the day a person reaches the age of 19 and shall expire upon reaching the age of 36, unless terminated earlier for health reasons pursuant to Section 13 of this Act.
- (3) A person staying within the territory of the Republic of Carni shall, in the year in which they reach the age of 19, prior to being entered into the active part of the register, complete a questionnaire sent by the competent territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency by postal delivery or through administrative or municipal offices, obtain its completion by their attending physician, and return it to the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency without undue delay together with two photographs reflecting their current appearance. If the person is deprived of legal capacity, the guardian shall complete the questionnaire; if the person is affected by a defect or illness preventing them from completing the questionnaire, it shall be completed on their behalf by a close relative.
- (4) In the questionnaire, the person shall state their first name, surname, personal identification number, permanent residence address, highest attained education, occupation, subjective health information, the first name, surname, and permanent residence address of their parents, spouse, partner, or another close relative, and information about their employment. The questionnaire must contain truthful information.
- (5) The questionnaire shall include medical data obtained from the preventive examination carried out during the relevant period pursuant to a special legal regulation and the results of any new examinations carried out since the last preventive examination up to the date of completing the questionnaire.
- (6) The attending general practitioner and dentist shall be obliged to carry out the preventive examination within the prescribed scope, if not already done, and to complete the medical section of the questionnaire.
- (7) The questionnaire form is attached as an annex to this Act.
- (8) Territorial offices of the National Sustainability Agency shall, each calendar year, register men and women who will reach the age of 19 in that year, on the basis of lists compiled as of January 1 by authorized municipal offices in whose jurisdiction the citizens are registered for permanent residence. The lists shall be submitted to the competent territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency by January 15. The list shall include the first name, surname, personal identification number, and permanent residence address. The completeness of the list shall be verified by the administrative authority against the data from the register of citizens of the Republic of Carni.
- (9) Lists of citizens residing abroad on a long-term basis shall be compiled by diplomatic missions of the Republic of Carni in whose jurisdiction such citizens reside. The list, containing the data referred to in paragraph 9, shall be sent by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to the National Sustainability Agency by January 31 of each calendar year.
- (10) The registration committee at a territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency shall consist of:
  - a) Chair – the Chief Regional Conversion Inspector or their appointed representative;
  - b) Members – two Conversion Inspectors of the territorial office's assessment department;
  - c) Members of the registration committee shall be gender-balanced.
- (11) During registration, persons shall undergo a medical examination. Only members of the registration committee may be present during the examination. The examination shall be conducted

- with the person fully undressed. If Conversion Inspectors cannot accurately determine the person's health condition, especially regarding the consumption of alcoholic beverages, other addictive substances, or diseases listed in Section 13, the person shall be referred for specialist examination at a medical facility of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (12) Based on the results of the medical examination, or where applicable, the specialist examination, the Conversion Inspectors shall assess the person's medical fitness for Meat Conversion.
- (13) Based on the results of the medical examination, the registration committee shall decide:
- on the person's fitness for Meat Conversion and enter them into the active part of the register as of the date they reach the age of 20; or
  - on the person's permanent unfitness for Meat Conversion; or
  - on deferral of registration in cases of temporary unfitness due to illness or defect.
- (14) During the examination, values of meat utility shall be assessed in accordance with Section 15 of this Act.
- (15) A registration decision may be deferred for health reasons for a maximum of three years, after which a decision on fitness or permanent unfitness for Meat Conversion must be made.
- (16) Persons subject to registration must appear for registration at the seat of the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency at the time specified in the call-up order issued by the territorial office, and present proof of identity. Call-up orders shall generally be delivered by postal delivery or through administrative or municipal offices. If the person does not receive a call-up order, they must appear for regular registration at the time and place specified by public notice. A person residing abroad long-term must appear for regular registration upon their return to the Republic of Carni, but no later than by their 23<sup>rd</sup> birthday, and is obliged to return to the Republic of Carni for this purpose.
- (17) A person who, without due excuse or serious reason, fails to appear at the first summons for regular registration shall be brought in by the Bete Police.
- (18) Serious reasons for not appearing for regular registration shall be deemed to include:
- temporary incapacity for work, where the person's health condition and treatment regime do not permit travel according to the attending physician;
  - detention, arrest, custody, or serving a term of imprisonment;
  - other obstacles arising independently of the person that prevented timely attendance, provided that confirmation thereof is submitted by the municipal authority, police, or other administrative authority of the place where the obstacle arose.
- (19) Persons unable to attend regular registration within the prescribed period for reasons stated in paragraph 18 shall immediately report the removal of such obstacles to the competent territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency and shall undergo registration subsequently.
- (20) Persons who are completely unfit for Meat Conversion shall not be summoned for regular registration. Such persons shall be considered completely unfit if they are missing a limb, blind, deaf, mute, deprived of legal capacity, affected by a defect or illness rendering them permanently incapable of independent movement, or affected by a severe form of an incurable disease.
- (21) Verification of unfitness for Meat Conversion pursuant to paragraph 20 shall be carried out by random inspection by a Conversion Inspector of the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (22) A record shall be made of the registration performed, and in the case of a decision under paragraph 13(a), it shall be entered into the active part of the register. In the case of decisions under paragraph 13(b) or (c), the record shall be kept in the passive part of the register.
- (23) Any person may apply for voluntary commencement of Meat Conversion. The National Sustainability Agency shall assess the application on the basis of the psychological profile established during the medical examination at registration under paragraph 11 or during the control examination under Section 14.
- (24) Applications for voluntary commencement of Meat Conversion shall be submitted prior to the start of the medical examination at registration under paragraph 11 or the control examination under Section 14.
- (25) The registration committee shall approve or reject the voluntary commencement of Meat Conversion and shall immediately enter this fact into the register. The outcome of the application shall not be communicated to the applicant.
- (26) Foreign nationals who have entered the territory of the Republic of Carni and intend to remain within its territory for more than 14 days shall be obliged to register within 24 hours with any territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (27) For the purposes of this Act, a stay exceeding 14 days within the territory of the Republic of Carni shall be deemed to include the total number of days spent within the territory in the last six months.
- (28) During registration pursuant to paragraph 26, a medical and classification examination shall be carried out, after which the procedure applicable to citizens of the Republic of Carni shall apply.

## Section 12

### Register

- (1) The Register of persons meeting the criteria of Section 1(3)(b) and (c) shall be maintained in

electronic form by the National Sustainability Agency.

- (2) The Register shall contain the following data:
  - a) the person's identifying information;
  - b) all records of registration, classification and control examinations, assessments of fitness for Meat Conversion, and training;
  - b) all records from the person's medical documentation;
  - c) information on current and all previous employment;
  - d) all documentation on the performance of Meat Conversion;
  - e) all documentation related to decisions on temporary or permanent unfitness to undergo Meat Conversion.
- (3) The Register shall be divided into an active and a passive part. The active part shall contain the data of persons fit to undergo Meat Conversion and shall serve as the source for selection under Section 16. The passive part shall contain all data of persons who have been entered into the Register but do not meet the criteria of Section 1(3)(b) and (c), as well as data of persons who have undergone Meat Conversion.
- (4) Data from the Register shall not be deleted.
- (5) All medical facilities, including physicians' offices, shall connect their information systems to the Register for the purpose of transmitting data from the medical documentation of inhabitants meeting the criteria of Section 1(3)(b) and (c) and of persons temporarily unfit to undergo Meat Conversion under Section 13(2).
- (6) The Register shall be accessible to the National Sustainability Agency, the Bete Police, authorized staff of Meat Conversion Centers, and the Director of the Research Center pursuant to Section 35.
- (7) All information contained in the Register may be used solely for purposes defined by this Act.
- (8) Data from the Register of Citizens of the Republic of Carni shall be provided into the Register.

### Section 13

#### **Grounds for Unfitness to Undergo Meat Conversion and Slaughter**

- (1) Grounds for permanent unfitness for inclusion in the active part of the Register are:
  - a) loss of a limb, blindness, or deafness;
  - b) deprivation of legal capacity;
  - c) disability or illness rendering the person permanently incapable of independent movement;
  - d) severe form of an incurable disease;
  - e) incurable infectious disease or severe form of an immune disorder;
  - f) prion disease.
- (2) Grounds for temporary unfitness for inclusion in the Register are:
  - a) long-term but treatable disease other than prion disease;

b) pregnancy and the first six months postpartum, inclusive.

- (3) Grounds for temporary postponement of Meat Conversion are:
  - a) the grounds under paragraph 2;
  - b) acute infectious disease in progress;
  - c) body temperature exceeding 37.3 °C measured per-rectally 3 times within 30 minutes;
  - d) use of medication affecting the quality of meat and meat products;
  - e) menstruation.

### Section 14

#### **Classification and Control Examinations; Fitness Assessment under Hospitalization**

- (1) For the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Act, all persons listed in the Register under Section 12 shall submit to classification and control physical examinations.
- (2) Examinations under paragraph 1 shall be scheduled by the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency, typically every 12 months.
- (3) Classification and control examinations shall be carried out by a Conversion Inspector from the registration and oversight department and from the assessment department of the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency. Typically, one Conversion Inspector from each department shall participate.
- (4) A classification and control examination may be conducted at the seat of the territorial office of the National Sustainability Agency or at the residence of the person under inspection.
- (5) Only authorized Conversion Inspectors, and, where the Conversion Inspector has requested assistance, a member of the Bete Police, may be present during the examination. The person under inspection shall undergo the classification and control examination in a state of full nudity. The Conversion Inspector may waive the requirement of full nudity for parts of the examination where it is not technically necessary.
- (6) The examination shall determine the person's current health status, Meat Utility Value, pregnancy in the case of women, and compliance with the obligations of persons under Section 10 of this Act. Additional tests may be ordered by the Conversion Inspector or a superior authority during the examination.
- (7) If the Conversion Inspector cannot precisely determine the person's health status, particularly with regard to the consumption of alcoholic beverages, other addictive substances, or diseases referred to in Section 13, the person shall be referred for specialist examination to a medical facility of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (8) A record of the examination shall be made and entered into the Register without undue delay. A copy shall be provided to the person examined.
- (9) If a decision on the person's fitness for Meat Conversion cannot be reached during registration



or during a classification and control examination, the Chief Regional Conversion Inspector shall order an examination under hospitalization at a medical facility of the National Sustainability Agency.

- (10) The examination shall be supervised by an authorized Conversion Inspector holding Type II certification. The length of hospitalization under paragraph 9 shall be determined with regard to the seriousness of the diagnoses being investigated. During hospitalization, the person shall be deprived of liberty, in particular prevented from leaving the medical facility. No personal belongings, including clothing and jewelry, shall be allowed into the medical facility. Visits from outside persons shall not be permitted. During the stay in the medical facility, the person under assessment shall remain fully nude. The authorized Conversion Inspector may allow the person to wear simple disposable clothing, to be procured at the person's own expense.

#### PART FOUR MEAT CONVERSION

##### Section 15

##### Meat Utility Value

- (1) For the purpose of carcass categorization and valuation, slaughter value shall be determined by:
- assessment of individual body parts;
  - body build – somatotype;
  - body height;
  - reproductive history in the case of women;
  - degree of fatness;
  - degree of muscularity;
  - the resulting SEUROP classification.
- (2) Height categories shall be defined as follows:
- Class H1: 160–164 cm;
  - Class H2: 165–172 cm;
  - Class H3: 173–179 cm;
  - Class H4: >179 cm.
- (3) Reproductive classification for women shall be defined as follows:
- R0: Nulliparous (no childbirth history);
  - R1: Primiparous (one childbirth);
  - R2: Biparous (two childbirths);
  - R3+: Multiparous (three or more childbirths).
- (4) Somatotype shall be characterized according to the following categories:
- S1: Ectomorph;
  - S2: Mesomorph;
  - S3: Endomorph.
- (5) Body build classification shall be evaluated according to the SEUROP categories:
- S (Superior)** – calves, thighs, upper and lower arms, trapezius muscles, and buttocks exceptionally rounded, muscular, and firm. Muscle groups are clearly distinct, individual muscles visible;

- E (Excellent)** – all profiles rounded, muscular, and firm;
  - U (Very Good)** – generally rounded profiles, calves and thighs with noticeable shaping, muscles not distinctly visible even during exercise;
  - R (Good)** – well-developed musculature, but overall straight profiles. Calves shaped, thighs relatively straight, upper arms without noticeable biceps definition;
  - O (Average)** – insufficient musculature, tissues soft to the touch, calves unshaped, thighs straight, buttocks unrounded;
  - P (Poor)** – all profiles sunken or markedly sunken, buttocks undeveloped, legs, pelvis, and ribs with bones visibly protruding.
- (6) Fatness shall be categorized into five levels:
- Low** – no to minimal fat coverage;
  - Moderate** – thin fat layer, musculature almost visible, intercostal muscles visible;
  - Average** – musculature mostly covered with fat, light abdominal fat deposits, intercostal muscles still visible;
  - High** – musculature covered with fat in all areas, subcutaneous layer soft to the touch, muscles infiltrated with fat, clear abdominal fat deposits;
  - Very High** – body heavily over-fattened, palpable fat lobes, muscles infiltrated with fat.
- (7) The resulting classification code shall contain the parameters listed in paragraphs 2–5 in the following format:

**[SEUROP]-[SOM]-[H#]-[R#]-[HTcm]-  
[WTkg]-[MUS%]-[FAT%]-[Age],**

where SEUROP is the classification under paragraph 5, SOM is the classification under paragraph 4, H# is the height classification under paragraph 2, R# is the reproductive classification under paragraph 3 for women (omitted for men), HTcm is height in centimeters, WTkg is weight in kilograms, MUS% is muscle percentage relative to total body weight, FAT% is body fat percentage relative to total body weight, and Age is the person's age in years.

- (8) Classification in living persons shall be conducted using non-invasive techniques; in processed carcasses, invasive techniques may be used.
- (9) Permissible non-invasive methods shall include:
- Three-point method** – measurement of skinfold thickness, including skin, on the thighs, abdomen, and upper arms;
  - Seven-point method** – measurement of skinfold thickness, including skin, at the triceps (vertical fold, posterior upper arm), subscapular (diagonal fold below scapula), suprailiac (diagonal fold above hip bone), abdominal (vertical fold 2 cm lateral to navel), thigh (vertical fold at mid anterior thigh), chest (diagonal fold between axilla and

- nipple), and midaxillary (vertical fold along the midline under the armpit);
- c) **Ultrasound method** – using the different velocities of ultrasound waves in adipose tissue and muscle tissue of major body regions;
  - d) **Computed tomography method** – using the different X-ray absorption properties of adipose tissue and muscle tissue throughout the body.
- (10) In the invasive method, the thickness of adipose tissue and musculature shall be measured with a probe that records the intensity of reflected light beams.
- (11) skin appearance shall be assessed according to the following parameters:
- a) **Color and tone** – evaluated for uniformity, vibrancy, and overall visual appeal, categorized as:
    - Pale,
    - Fair,
    - Light tan,
    - Medium tan,
    - Deep tan,
    - Dark.
  - b) **Surface quality** – assessed by tactile and visual inspection, categorized as:
    - Smooth and even,
    - Fine texture with minimal irregularities,
    - Slightly coarse or uneven,
    - Coarse, rough, or visibly weathered.
  - c) **Pigmentation features** – recorded by type and distribution, including:
    - Freckles (light or heavy),
    - Moles or birthmarks (number, size, and location),
    - Other natural pigment variations.
  - d) **Body Hair presence** – evaluated for density and distribution on visible skin surfaces, categorized as:
    - Minimal to none,
    - Light,
    - Moderate,
    - Heavy,
    - Presence of depilation follicle marks (visible pores or follicular dots remaining after hair removal).
  - e) **Pathological changes** – identification of any dermatological or systemic conditions affecting skin, including but not limited to:
    - Scarring,
    - Lesions,
    - Dermatoses,
    - Discolorations indicative of disease,
    - Signs of infection or inflammation.
- (12) The National Sustainability Agency shall issue methodological guidelines for conducting body categorization.

## Section 16

**Selection of Individuals for Meat Conversion**

- (1) The selection of individuals for meat conversion shall be conducted in accordance with monthly plans established by the National Sustainability Agency no later than the end of November of the year preceding the selection year.
- (2) The selection for a given calendar month shall be completed by the fifteenth day of the month preceding the month in which the meat conversion is to take place.
- (3) The selection shall be carried out randomly by means of automated software from the active section of the register of persons meeting the requirements set forth in Section 1(b) and (c) of this Act, excluding the procedure for voluntary submission to meat conversion under Section 17.
- (4) In addition to the random selection, individuals shall be included pursuant to a ruling of the Bete Police Court.
- (5) Until the time of apprehension or a summons to voluntarily report for meat conversion, the results of the selection may be disclosed only to persons directly participating in the process of meat conversion.
- (6) The probability of selection for meat conversion shall be modified by a coefficient reflecting the frequency of the individual's appearance in the selection database. The base coefficient is set at 10 per individual. In the situations defined below, the following coefficients shall apply:
  - a) Coefficient 0 for pregnant women, women up to and including six months postpartum, and individuals currently undergoing a training program under Section 27 of this Act;
  - b) Coefficient 1 for employees of the National Sustainability Agency and the Bete Police under Sections 5 and 6 of this Act;
  - c) Coefficient 3 for graduates of a doctoral study program at a public university;
  - d) Coefficient 5 for employees of state authorities of the Republic of Carni and for students of a public university undertaking their first degree program or doctoral study within the standard period of study;
  - e) Coefficient 8 for graduates of a master's degree program at a public university;
  - f) Coefficient 25 for childless women who have reached the age of 30 and for women following the protective period of six months after the birth of a second child;
  - g) Coefficient 100 for individuals who have completed a training program under Section 27 of this Act;
  - h) A coefficient determined pursuant to Section 30 of this Act by the Criminal Tribunal of the Bete Police.
  - i) In cases where multiple coefficients could apply, the first coefficient shall be used according to the order of paragraphs as follows: a), h), g), b), f), c), d), e).

- (7) If a person selected has registered for joint meat conversion together with a partner, the partner shall automatically be selected as well, provided they meet the requirements for meat conversion under this Act. Information as to which partner was selected by the algorithm shall remain confidential.

#### Section 17

##### **Voluntary Submission to Meat Conversion and Registration with a Meat Conversion Center**

- (1) Any person listed in the register of individuals meeting the requirements of Section 1(3)(b) and (c) of this Act may request voluntary submission to meat conversion.
- (2) The request shall be submitted in person, on the form annexed to this Act, to the director of the meat conversion center of the applicant's choice.
- (3) A partnered couple may submit a joint request. All procedures under this Act shall be performed simultaneously. If the request of one partner is refused under paragraph 7(c), the request of the other partner shall automatically be refused as well.
- (4) No person may have more than one active request under paragraph 2 at any given time. If a request is refused, a new request to the same meat conversion center may be submitted only after a minimum of six months has elapsed since the date of the previous submission. A request to a different meat conversion center may be submitted one month after the refusal of the previous request.
- (5) The director of the meat conversion center shall ensure without undue delay that the request is entered into the register of persons and shall decide either:
  - a) to accept it for further processing; or
  - b) to refuse it.
- (6) The director may invite the applicant to a personal interview and to undergo a physical examination equivalent in scope to the classification examination under Section 14 of this Act, at the earliest opportunity allowed by the center's schedule. The examination shall be conducted by a meat conversion specialist designated by the director, in the presence of an authorized conversion inspector. A written record of the examination shall be prepared and forwarded to the director together with a recommendation and a preliminary carcass classification. The recommendation shall be issued as a consensus between the designated meat conversion specialist and the authorized termination inspector; in the event of disagreement, the termination inspector's conclusion shall prevail.
- (7) Based on the assessment under paragraph 5, the authorized conversion inspector shall issue one of the following decisions:
  - a) to proceed with the meat conversion;
  - b) to proceed with the meat conversion after a deferral and mandatory completion of a training program; or
  - c) to refuse the request.
- (8) The National Sustainability Agency shall review the decision under paragraph 6, in particular to ensure that it represents the person's voluntary choice. If no deficiencies are found, the decision shall be confirmed. No more than ten applicants for voluntary meat conversion may be accepted into the process each month. Priority shall be determined by the date of submission, or by time of submission in case of a tie. Accepted applicants shall be scheduled for meat conversion in the order in which their requests were received.
- (9) The meat conversion shall be performed at the meat conversion center where the voluntary application process was successfully completed.
- (10) No appeal shall be permitted against a decision under paragraph 7 or against the decision of the National Sustainability Agency. Withdrawal of a request for meat conversion shall not be permitted.
- (11) In the event of refusal of a voluntary submission request, the applicant shall not be entitled to be informed of the reasons.
- (12) A request under paragraph 3 for simultaneous meat conversion shall be submitted in person in the presence of both partners.
- (13) A request under paragraph 3 shall be denied if one of the partners has already been selected for meat conversion under Section 16 of this Act.
- (14) A request under paragraph 3 may be cancelled in the event of dissolution of the partnership by notifying any territorial office of the competent administrative authority. The cancellation shall take effect 30 days after notification. Until the effective date, both persons shall be treated as a partnered couple.
- (15) Partnered couples whose request under paragraph 3 has been accepted shall be afforded the opportunity for joint meat conversion at the same meat conversion center and at the same time, provided the prescribed method of termination allows for it. Both persons shall ordinarily be terminated using the same procedure.
- (16) A meat conversion center may offer the option of pre-registration for individuals listed in the register who meet the requirements of Section 1(3)(b) and (c) of this Act.
- (17) The director of the meat conversion center may set conditions for pre-registration consisting of physical and psychological requirements for the applicant.
- (18) An individual listed in the register who meets the requirements of Section 1(3)(b) and (c) of this Act may submit a pre-registration request to the director of the meat conversion center under paragraphs 16 and 17.
- (19) The director may set a handling fee for pre-registration requests in an amount not exceeding

100 RC\$. No other fees for pre-registration shall be permitted.

- (20) The director shall decide on pre-registration based on the submitted request and, where applicable, a classification examination. Pre-registration shall not constitute a legal entitlement. If the request is refused, the reasons shall not be disclosed.
- (21) If the director approves pre-registration, this fact shall be entered into the register of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (22) No person may be pre-registered with more than one meat conversion center.

#### Section 18

##### **Procedural Preparation for Meat Conversion and Electronic Auction of the Body**

- (1) The list of individuals selected for meat conversion under Section 16(3) or (7) or under Section 17(8) shall be transmitted by the Chief Conversion Inspector to the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency within three days of selection. The Minister shall promptly verify compliance with this Act and, within two days, issue a decision to proceed with the meat conversion, which shall be forwarded to the chief termination inspector.
- (2) Within two days of issuing the decision, the National Sustainability Agency shall place the list of individuals selected under Section 16(3) and (7) into an electronic auction managed by the Agency. Individuals whose pre-registration has been accepted under Section 17(21) for a specific meat conversion center shall not be placed in the auction. In the case of partnered couples selected under Section 17(3), the auction shall list both individuals jointly.
- (3) The electronic auction shall contain the following data for each individual selected: gender, age, height, weight, and meat yield data under Section 15, along with current body photographs taken at the last classification examination.
- (4) The electronic auction shall be accessible only to authorized personnel of meat conversion centers approved under Section 9 of this Act.
- (5) The electronic auction shall close five days after publication. Bids shall be made in increments of 1,000 RC\$.
- (6) The base price shall be set as follows:
  - a) Category S — 2,500 RC\$/kg live weight;
  - b) Category E — 2,300 RC\$/kg live weight;
  - c) Category U — 2,000 RC\$/kg live weight;
  - d) Category R — 1,600 RC\$/kg live weight;
  - e) Category O — 1,200 RC\$/kg live weight;
  - f) Category P — 800 RC\$/kg live weight.
- (7) The winning bid shall be the highest bid at the time the auction closes.
- (8) In the case of voluntary meat conversion under Section 17(1) and individuals pre-registered with a specific meat conversion center under Section 17(21), the price shall be set at three times the amount specified in paragraph 6.
- (9) The winning bid amount shall be paid by the meat conversion center to the account of the National Sustainability Agency within 14 days of the meat conversion.
- (10) Within 30 days of the meat conversion, the National Sustainability Agency shall distribute the received amount as follows:
  - a) 20 % to the state budget of the Republic of Carni;
  - b) 50 % to the notarial office responsible for settlement of the estate of the individual who underwent meat conversion under Section 28 of this Act, to be included in probate proceedings under applicable legal provisions;
  - c) 30 % retained as a source of the Agency's budget.
- (11) Meat conversion of an individual selected and auctioned under paragraph 2 shall be performed at the meat conversion center that submitted the highest bid under paragraph 7. If no bid is submitted, the conversion shall be carried out at the locally competent meat conversion center.
- (12) The National Sustainability Agency shall transmit to the meat conversion center selected under paragraph 7 or 8 the decision to carry out the meat conversion along with all identifying information of the person selected.

#### Section 19

##### **Meat Conversion**

- (1) The process of Meat Conversion consists of the following stages:
  - a) Apprehension of the individual selected for Meat Conversion;
  - b) Initial medical examination;
  - c) Preparation of the individual in the Pre-Termination Preparation Unit, including the ante-mortem inspection;
  - d) Termination;
  - e) Post-mortem inspection, carcass processing, and monetization of meat and meat products.
- (2) The Meat Conversion process is deemed to commence at the moment of the person's apprehension.
- (3) Upon apprehension, the person is stripped of all civil rights and, from the moment of identity verification, is regarded as a person undergoing Meat Conversion.
- (4) The rights of a person undergoing Meat Conversion are as follows:
  - a) The right to dignified treatment;
  - b) In the case of partnered individuals under Section 16(7), the right to mutual contact, unless prevented by the operational steps of Meat Conversion;
  - c) Provision of environmental conditions ensuring that the person does not suffer from cold or discomfort due to low temperature;
  - d) The right to adequate fluid intake during the pre-termination phase.

- (5) The obligations of a person undergoing Meat Conversion are:
  - a) To comply with all lawful instructions issued by the authorized Meat Conversion specialist, the authorized Meat Conversion Inspector, or attending care staff, provided such instructions do not conflict with this Act;
  - b) To actively cooperate in the Meat Conversion process;
  - c) To refrain from any activity that could cause injury or negatively affect the quality of meat and meat products.
- (6) A person undergoing Meat Conversion shall remain nude throughout the process. The authorized Meat Conversion specialist may permit clothing to an appropriate extent during the apprehension phase and transportation to the Meat Conversion Center.

## Section 20

### Voluntary Reporting and Apprehension

- (1) The date of apprehension shall be set by order of the Director of the Meat Conversion Center, based on the received decision under Section 18(12), generally scheduled for the calendar month following the receipt of said decision. Where serious circumstances require a longer lead time, the Director shall request approval from the National Sustainability Agency, submitting the request electronically with justification.
- (2) The National Sustainability Agency may specify the date of apprehension in its decision, in which case it becomes binding.
- (3) Apprehension of an individual selected for Meat Conversion shall occur by:
  - a) Voluntary reporting to the Meat Conversion Center; or
  - b) Assisted apprehension.
- (4) Voluntary reporting is permitted for:
  - a) Employees of the National Sustainability Agency and Bete Police;
  - b) Direct relatives or siblings of employees of the National Sustainability Agency and Bete Police, with the employee's consent;
  - c) Any individual under Section 11(24).
- (5) Upon receipt of a decision under Section 18(12), the Director of the Meat Conversion Center or an authorized staff member shall verify in the register whether the individual is eligible for voluntary reporting under subsection 4.
- (6) In the case of subsection 4(b), the Director shall request a statement from the relative employed by the National Sustainability Agency or Bete Police regarding the possibility of voluntary reporting. Should the employee grant consent, they assume full responsibility for the course of the voluntary reporting, with all associated legal consequences.
- (7) In cases under subsection 4(b), the relative employed by the National Sustainability Agency or Bete Police may be present during apprehension until the commencement of the intake examination.
- (8) An individual eligible for voluntary reporting under subsection 4 shall receive, through the Bete Police, an order to report for Meat Conversion no earlier than 7 days and no later than 3 days before the scheduled arrival at the Meat Conversion Center.
- (9) An individual receiving an order to report for Meat Conversion must compile a complete inventory of personal property using the form attached to this Act.
- (10) An individual permitted voluntary reporting under subsection 4 shall present themselves at the Meat Conversion Center at the designated time.
- (11) Upon reporting to the Meat Conversion Center, the individual shall present:
  - a) Proof of identity;
  - b) The order to report for Meat Conversion;
  - c) The property inventory under subsection 9.
- (12) Assisted apprehension for Meat Conversion shall ordinarily take place between 07:00 and 14:00 at a location where the selected individual is expected to be present. The Director of the Meat Conversion Center may request assistance from state authorities or any citizen of the Republic of Carni to verify the location.
- (13) The date and time of assisted apprehension shall be disclosed only to persons directly involved in the Meat Conversion of the individual.
- (14) The Director of the Meat Conversion Center shall appoint a team to carry out assisted apprehension, consisting of:
  - a) An authorized Meat Conversion specialist;
  - b) A Bete Police officer of the same sex as the individual;
  - c) A representative of the notarial office with jurisdiction over the location of apprehension.
- (15) All members of the team under subsection 14 must be present during assisted apprehension.
- (16) During apprehension, the authorized Meat Conversion specialist shall present the selected person with the decision of the National Sustainability Agency and the Director of the Meat Conversion Center ordering their apprehension.
- (17) Immediately after the completion of the steps in subsection 16, the apprehended person shall be transported to the Meat Conversion Center in a manner minimizing stress and discomfort.
- (18) In the event of resistance by the selected person, the use of coercive and immobilization measures is permitted.
- (19) During transport, all reasonable measures must be taken to eliminate the possibility of escape by the person selected for Meat Conversion.

## Section 21

**Intake and Ante-Mortem Examination**

- (1) The intake examination shall be conducted by a designated Meat Conversion Specialist in facilities of the Meat Conversion Center specifically designated for this purpose.
- (2) The receiving Meat Conversion Specialist shall verify the identity of the person designated for meat conversion, complete the person's Meat Conversion Process Record in the format provided in the annex to this Act, and mark the inner side of the person's left thigh using an approved indelible marker. This mark shall include the surname and personal identification number, in characters no smaller than 30 mm in height.
- (3) The intake examination shall include:
  - a) an anamnesis, including family medical history, as well as occupational and social background;
  - b) verification of adherence to the lifestyle requirements stipulated by this Act and by the directives of the National Sustainability Agency;
  - c) measurement of blood pressure, pulse, ECG tracing, and body temperature measured *per rectum*;
  - d) examination of the skin, vision, and hearing;
  - e) examination by palpation and percussion;
  - f) examination of the mouth and nasal cavities;
  - g) rectal examination;
  - h) gynecological examination, including manual breast examination in women;
  - i) examination of the testes and penis in men;
  - j) collection of blood, urine, and stool samples for laboratory analysis to exclude intoxication and conditions that disqualify or limit termination;
  - k) determination of meat yield potential.

## Section 22

**Pre-Termination Preparation**

- (1) Termination shall take place no earlier than 48 hours and no later than 72 hours after admission to the Meat Conversion Center, except in situations provided in paragraph 7 and in Section 26 of this Act. During this period, referred to as *pre-termination preparation*, the individual is readied for termination.
- (2) During pre-termination preparation, the individual shall be:
  - a) subjected to gastrointestinal depletion, i.e., removal of the majority of the gastrointestinal microbiota;
  - b) depilated of all body hair except for the head, unless approved post-mortem hair removal methods are applicable;
  - c) stripped of all aesthetic accessories such as earrings, gel nails, nail polish, etc.;
  - d) supplemented with nutritional solutions to increase skeletal muscle glycogen content.

- (3) During pre-termination preparation, the individual shall:
  - a) have physical exertion restricted and be provided adequate rest;
  - b) have unrestricted access to fluids;
  - c) be allowed unlimited personal hygiene;
  - d) be provided with psychological support.
- (4) During pre-termination preparation, the individual shall be monitored to exclude defects or diseases that would preclude meat conversion under Section 13.
- (5) Gastrointestinal depletion shall be performed by the administration of laxatives, enemas, instrumental bowel irrigation (hydrocolon), or a combination thereof.
- (6) Nutritional supplementation shall be administered via parenteral nutrition and/or orally with isotonic solutions.
- (7) The Meat Conversion Center may extend the pre-termination preparation by introducing an *adaptation phase* lasting no less than 7 days and no more than 21 days.
- (8) The adaptation phase shall aim primarily to:
  - a) achieve acceptance of nudity during termination;
  - b) facilitate psychological adaptation to the forthcoming termination;
  - c) achieve hormonal stabilization;
  - d) improve the quality of the meat and meat products obtained, particularly by increasing glycogen content and reducing muscle tone.
- (9) During the adaptation phase:
  - a) a suitable diet shall be provided in accordance with a dietary plan;
  - b) hormonal supplementation shall be administered to calm the individual undergoing meat conversion and to achieve high-quality meat and meat products;
  - c) psychological and psychotherapeutic support shall be provided;
  - d) physiotherapeutic care, such as exercise, massage, etc., shall be administered.

## Section 23

**Termination Order**

- (1) Based on the ante-mortem examination, upon presentation of identification documents, the decision authorizing meat conversion, the Meat Conversion Process Record, and the pre-termination preparation report, and provided that all disqualifying factors under Section 13 of this Act have been excluded, the designated Meat Conversion Inspector shall issue an order for termination. This decision shall be immediately communicated to the designated Meat Conversion Specialist and to the individual in the meat conversion process.
- (2) The termination order shall specify the date and the time window within which termination is to be carried out.

- (3) The issuance of the termination order shall be recorded on the termination control sheet.
- (4) An individual in the meat conversion process to whom an order under paragraph 1 has been communicated shall be referred to as the *terminated person*.
- (5) No more than 60 minutes may elapse between notification of the termination order to the terminated person and the execution of the termination. If it is not possible to comply with this time frame, a new termination order must be issued in accordance with paragraph 1.

#### Section 24 Termination

- (1) At the time designated for termination, the terminated person shall be escorted to the termination unit. If circumstances require, transport from the pre-termination preparation department to the termination unit may be carried out on a mobile bed.
- (2) No person other than those directly involved in the termination may be present during the killing. Persons directly involved in the termination shall include:
  - a) the designated Meat Conversion Specialist;
  - b) the designated Meat Conversion Inspector;
  - c) the center's psychologist;
  - d) a meat conversion trainee whose presence has been approved by the designated Meat Conversion Inspector;
  - e) an attendant, in the event that the terminated person offers resistance beyond the control of the designated Meat Conversion Specialist.
- (3) An exception to paragraph 2 is automatically granted to National Sustainability Agency personnel performing supervisory duties.
- (4) Termination may be carried out either without stunning, with the person fully conscious, or after prior stunning resulting in loss or alteration of consciousness. The method shall be determined by the designated Meat Conversion Inspector.
- (5) Termination shall be carried out by the designated Meat Conversion Specialist, or by a meat conversion trainee under the direct supervision of a certified Meat Conversion Specialist, using only the methods described below:
  - a) sequential severing of the left and right common carotid arteries (*arteria carotis communis sinistra* and *arteria carotis communis dextra*) without damaging the trachea, followed by exsanguination;
  - b) cooling of the blood by extracorporeal circulation and replacement with a penetrative solution via the femoral artery (*arteria femoralis*);
  - c) decapitation;
  - d) live boiling or frying in the manner of *boto walai*, where the procedure constitutes a ritual meat conversion authorized by the National Sustainability Agency;
  - e) the method described in paragraph a) may be performed with the body in a horizontal supine or prone position, or in a vertical position suspended by the ankles;
  - f) any other method prescribed by regulation of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (6) Stunning or sedation shall be performed using methods that do not compromise the quality of the meat and meat products. Approved methods include:
  - a) inhalation anesthesia using a mixture of xenon with oxygen, sevoflurane, or desflurane;
  - b) inhalation within a chamber as described in paragraph 7, containing at least 90% argon, at least 90% xenon, or a mixture of the two gases with a combined concentration of at least 90%;
  - c) inhalation of at least 70% carbon dioxide;
  - d) stunning by electric current;
  - e) stunning by a captive projectile to the forehead or occiput;
  - f) intravenous injection of 2.5 mg midazolam administered 90 minutes prior to initiation of termination under paragraph 5(d).
- (7) If the terminated person is resistant or significantly agitated, and this condition cannot be managed by psychotherapeutic methods or immobilization, 1 mg of midazolam may be administered intravenously 10 minutes before the initiation of termination procedures.
- (8) Inhalation anesthesia under paragraph 6(a) and (b) may be administered:
  - a) in chambers enabling group anesthesia for no more than eight terminated persons at a time;
  - b) by applying a facial mask covering the nose and mouth;
  - c) within the pre-termination preparation department with immediate transport to the conversion department.
- (9) In the case of inhalation anesthesia under paragraph 6(a) and (b), anesthesia shall be maintained for an additional one minute after observable loss of consciousness.
- (10) When stunning with electric current under paragraph 6(d):
  - a) electrodes shall be placed on the temples of the terminated person to allow current to pass through the head, or on footplates inducing step voltage;
  - b) measures shall be taken to ensure good electrical conductivity, including moistening the skin or shaving the temples if necessary;
  - c) alternating current of 50 Hz frequency and 1.25 A shall be applied, reaching the target amperage within one second and maintained for three seconds.
- (11) For termination under paragraph 5(d), the initial temperature of the solution shall be 30 °C ( $\pm 2$  °C). Heating shall proceed at a rate of 0.5 °C/min until reaching 60 °C. The moment of reaching this temperature shall be considered the moment of

death. Thereafter, thermal processing shall continue in accordance with the established procedure.

- (12) If the terminated person is not stunned, except in cases under paragraph 5(d), termination in the termination unit shall be carried out without unnecessary delay.
- (13) The interval between loss of consciousness following stunning and the initiation of procedures leading to death under paragraphs 5(a)–(c) shall not exceed three minutes.
- (14) During the killing process, the terminated person shall be immobilized in a manner that does not cause excessive pain.
- (15) Until loss of consciousness, the terminated person shall not be in visual contact with the corpses of previously terminated persons, their body parts, or body fluids.

## Section 25

### Carcass Processing

- (1) Except in cases of termination under Section 24(5)(d), the body of the terminated person shall be immediately transported after death to the meat processing department, where it shall be cooled to a temperature of 2 °C.
- (2) One hour after the completion of exsanguination, carcass dressing shall be performed. The head shall be separated from the torso, the tongue removed, internal organs divided, and the body split lengthwise along the spinal canal into two halves. Each separate part of the body, excluding internal organs, shall be marked with a unique identification code assigned by the National Sustainability Agency.
- (3) If the body is intended for thermal processing as a whole, the procedures in paragraph 2 may be omitted.
- (4) The designated Meat Conversion Inspector shall conduct a post-mortem inspection to determine the edibility of the meat and organs of the terminated person. The assessment shall be performed visually and/or by palpation, evaluating pathomorphological changes such as enlarged lymph nodes, hemorrhages, inflammatory foci and abscesses, and the presence of parasites. For this purpose, lymph nodes in the head and thoracic regions may be incised. In indicated cases, samples shall be collected for laboratory analysis.
- (5) During the post-mortem inspection, the designated Meat Conversion Inspector shall verify the weight of the dressed carcass and its organs.
- (6) The designated Meat Conversion Inspector shall classify the dressed carcass and organs as:
  - a) fit for human consumption without restrictions;
  - b) fit for human consumption with restrictions, while also designating body parts or organs unfit for human consumption and ordering their disposal in accordance with paragraph 8;
  - c) unfit for human consumption, ordering disposal of the carcass and organs in accordance with paragraph 8.
- (7) The authorized representative of the meat conversion center shall immediately, upon completion of termination and post-mortem inspection, forward the relevant sections of the “Termination Control Sheet” form to the National Sustainability Agency and to the locally competent registry office. The original form shall be archived by the meat conversion center for a period of 50 years.
- (8) The dressed carcass and internal organs intended for consumption shall be processed in facilities accredited for this purpose by the National Sustainability Agency. The monetization of meat and meat products shall be conducted in accordance with the internal regulations of the meat conversion center approved by the National Sustainability Agency. Further processing shall comply with Act No. 110/6816 Coll. (Food Act).
- (9) All biological waste generated during meat conversion shall be incinerated in a designated cremation facility. Ash shall be scattered at an approved location or released to relatives via the local office of the National Sustainability Agency upon request.
- (10) In cases where meat and meat products are monetized or prepared for consumption directly within the meat conversion center facility, no records shall be kept linking bodily remains to a specific person. Bodily remains shall be incinerated in a designated cremation facility, and ash shall be scattered at an approved location. Bodily fluids shall be processed in a wastewater treatment facility.

## Section 26

### Suspension of Meat Conversion

- (1) Meat conversion shall be suspended if:
  - (a) the designated Meat Conversion Specialist or designated Conversion Inspector identifies disqualification under Section 13 of this Act; or
  - (b) technical issues within the meat conversion center prevent the process from being carried out in accordance with this Act; or
  - (c) the director of the meat conversion center requests a postponement to improve the quality of meat and meat products under Section 27; or
  - (d) the National Sustainability Agency decides so for other reasons.
- (2) Suspension of meat conversion under paragraphs 1(a)–(c) shall be decided by the designated Meat Conversion Inspector, who shall record this fact and immediately forward it to the National Sustainability Agency.
- (3) Suspension of meat conversion under paragraph 1(d) shall be ordered by the National Sustainability Agency either on its own initiative or upon the request of the director of the meat



conversion center, approved by the designated Meat Conversion Inspector. In such cases, meat conversion shall be suspended for a period set by the National Sustainability Agency, with the possibility of further extension.

- (4) Meat conversion shall be carried out without undue delay immediately after the reasons specified in paragraph 1 cease to exist.
- (5) If the period specified in paragraph 3 is 10 days or less, approval from the National Sustainability Agency is not required. The previously issued decision authorizing meat conversion remains valid.
- (6) If the period specified in paragraph 3 exceeds 10 days, the decision authorizing meat conversion becomes void. The designated Meat Conversion Inspector shall notify the National Sustainability Agency, and the Chief Conversion Inspector shall determine a new date for the process and issue a new authorization.
- (7) Upon deciding to suspend meat conversion, the person in the meat conversion process shall, based on the decision of the designated Meat Conversion Inspector, be either:
  - a) placed in a specialized department of the meat conversion center or a medical facility or a training center of the National Sustainability Agency until a decision under paragraph 3 is made; or
  - b) released into home care, in which case a non-removable tracking device shall be affixed to the left ankle of the person in the meat conversion process.
- (8) If grounds under Section 13(1) are identified, the decision authorizing meat conversion shall be automatically revoked. In such cases, the designated Meat Conversion Inspector shall immediately notify the National Sustainability Agency for a decision on further action, and the person shall be placed in a specialized department of the meat conversion center until a decision is reached.

## PART FIVE TRAINING PROGRAM

### Section 27

#### Training Program

- (1) The training program is intended to achieve the physical, psychological, and nutritional optimization of selected individuals for the purpose of increasing their meat yield, aesthetic value, and market price during subsequent auction.
- (2) Scope and duration of the program:
  - a) The standard program length is 30 to 90 days; the duration shall be determined by the National Sustainability Agency based on an initial assessment of the individual's health and physical condition;

- b) The training program may be ordered by the National Sustainability Agency regardless of the individual's consent and shall be binding for the entire designated period;
  - c) No appeal shall be permitted against the imposition of a training program.
- (3) The training program may be conducted either on a non-residential or residential basis:
    1. In the non-residential format, the individual reports to the training facility daily at specifically designated times;
    2. In the residential format, accommodation shall be provided at the training center;
    3. During residential participation, the individual may not leave the training facility.
  - (4) The training program consists of the following components, the extent of which shall be determined by the director of the training center:
    1. **Physical preparation** – daily exercise sessions led by an instructor certified by the National Sustainability Agency, aimed at developing muscle mass, reducing subcutaneous fat, and improving body proportions;
    2. **Nutritional regimen** – a strictly defined diet high in quality proteins and carbohydrates, with controlled fat intake, supplemented by approved nutritional supplements authorized by the National Sustainability Agency;
    3. **Aesthetic enhancement** – ongoing depilation, hair care, skin and dental care, and, if necessary, corrective procedures in accordance with National Sustainability Agency standards;
    4. **Psychological adaptation** – regular sessions with a psychologist to strengthen discipline, eliminate resistance, and practice presentation skills for public showcases and auctions.
  - (5) Every 14 days, a comprehensive assessment of the individual's health, physical condition, and aesthetics shall be conducted, with results recorded in the registry.
  - (6) Failure to meet prescribed parameters may result in an extension of the training program or the imposition of measures under Section 31.
  - (7) An individual who successfully completes the program shall receive a 15% increase to the base auction price under Section 25(4).
  - (8) The National Sustainability Agency shall oversee the conduct of the training program. Any deficiencies identified shall be addressed through the immediate imposition of corrective measures.

**PART SIX**  
**SETTLEMENT OF PROPERTY MATTERS**  
**AND DOCUMENTATION**

Section 28

**Settlement of Property of Individuals Who Have Undergone Meat Conversion**

- (1) For the purposes of probate proceedings for persons who have undergone meat conversion, the Chief Conversion Inspector of the National Sustainability Agency shall appoint a state notary having territorial jurisdiction over the residence of the individual. In the case of foreign nationals, the appointed state notary shall have jurisdiction over the meat conversion center where the conversion was performed.
- (2) The notary appointed under paragraph 1 shall settle the probate proceedings within two months of the termination, being notified electronically by the director of the meat conversion center within 48 hours of completion.
- (3) In the case of voluntary admission to a meat conversion center under Section 20(3)(a):
  - a) the person shall submit an inventory of all personal property using the form annexed to this Act;
  - b) if the person arrives for intake using their own automobile, the vehicle and all items contained within it shall be included in the probate estate;
  - c) all personal belongings, except those specified in subparagraph (b), brought into the meat conversion center shall become the property of the center and shall not be included in the probate proceedings.
- (4) If detention has been ordered under Section 20(3)(b):
  - a) the director of the meat conversion center shall notify the appointed notary of the intended detention at least 72 hours in advance;
  - b) the notary, or a notarial assistant authorized by them, shall be required to attend the detention and record the detained person's property in a notarial deed;
  - c) if the designated Meat Conversion Specialist permits the detained person to retain only clothing and small jewelry items (e.g., bracelets, earrings, rings) during transport, such items shall become the property of the meat conversion center and shall not be included in the probate proceedings.

Section 29

**Communication and Documentation**

- (1) Communication between the offices of the National Sustainability Agency, between the Police Bete and the National Sustainability Agency, between the National Sustainability Agency and meat conversion centers, and between the Police Bete and meat conversion

centers shall be conducted via secure data channels.

- (2) "Documentation" means the written records of all actions performed under this Act. This includes, in particular:
  - a) registration records of the citizen, records of classification and inspection examinations, including associated questionnaires and medical documentation;
  - b) complete medical documentation of persons eligible under Section 1(3)(b) and (c);
  - c) decisions of the National Sustainability Agency;
  - d) decisions selecting an individual for meat conversion under Section 18 of this Act;
  - e) the order to report for meat conversion under Section 20(1);
  - f) the intake protocol for meat conversion;
  - g) the termination control sheet;
  - h) all other documentation relating to meat conversion.
- (3) The documentation specified in paragraph 2 shall be archived for 50 years at the facility where it was created, and also stored in electronic form in the registry for an unlimited period.
- (4) The organization that created the document specified in paragraph 2 shall be required to enter it into the registry without delay.

**PART SEVEN**  
**SANCTIONS**

Section 30

**Offenses Against This Act**

- (1) Any person who commits a violation of this Act, or where there is reasonable suspicion of a violation of this Act, falls under the jurisdiction of the Bete Police.
- (2) Every person present within the territory of the Republic of Carni shall be obliged to immediately inform any member of the Bete Police if they become aware of a violation of this Act.

Section 31

**Procedures in Cases of Suspected Violation of This Act**

- (1) A person suspected of violating this Act may be deprived of personal liberty by order of a Meat Conversion Inspector or a member of the Bete Police for a period of up to 72 hours.
- (2) The Meat Conversion Inspector or Bete Police officer who has imposed the deprivation of liberty under paragraph 1 shall immediately contact the Regional Judicial Inspector, who may charge the suspected person with an offense under this Act and decide to extend the deprivation of liberty until a final decision is rendered under Section 34.
- (3) The Regional Judicial Inspector shall, without undue delay, gather all available evidence against the accused person. At the same time, they shall

be obligated to gather and not suppress any evidence that may speak in favor of the accused. Toward the accused, the Judicial Inspector shall act impartially and, until the imposition of a corrective measure or the decision of the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal, shall regard the accused as innocent.

- (4) The Regional Judicial Officer may decide on a corrective measure under Section 33(11), (12), (13a) and (14a) of this Act; in all other cases, the violation of this Act shall be adjudicated by the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal.
- (5) An accused person under paragraph 4 shall have the right to request that their case be heard before the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal. This right shall expire upon the decision of the Regional Judicial Officer to impose a corrective measure under this Act.
- (6) When a violation of this Act is adjudicated under paragraph 4, the accused shall have the right to be present and to comment on the charges brought against them.
- (7) The Regional Judicial Inspector or the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal shall have the authority to summon any citizen of the Bete Police and any person present within the territory of the Republic of Carni to give testimony in the case being heard.
- (8) All persons, including the accused, shall be obliged to speak only the truth in proceedings under paragraph 4.

### Section 32

#### The Accused and Their Rights

- (1) A person suspected of violating this Act may be considered an accused person, and measures provided under this Act may be used against them only after they have been formally charged. Such a person shall be referred to as the accused.
- (2) The accused shall have the right to respond to all allegations made against them and to the evidence concerning them, but shall not be obliged to give testimony.
- (3) All authorities of the Bete Police shall be required to inform the accused of their rights at all times, with a focus on the current stage of the proceedings for the violation of this Act, and to provide full opportunity for the exercise of those rights. An accused person who has been detained shall also be informed of their right to urgent medical assistance, of the maximum period for which they may be deprived of liberty before the delivery of a decision by the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal or by the Regional Judicial Officer.

### Section 33

#### Penalties

- (1) Any person eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3) who evades the procedures under Section 14 shall be sentenced to undergo meat conversion under Section 16(4). Until the conversion is carried out, the convicted person shall be deprived of liberty and placed in a training

center of the National Sustainability Agency under Section 8, and a training program under Section 27 shall be ordered.

- (2) Any person who evades a registration examination under Section 11(3) and (16) shall be sentenced:
  - a) to the immediate execution of meat conversion under Section 16(4) if they have reached the age of 20 years. Until the conversion is carried out, the convicted person shall be deprived of liberty and placed in a training center of the National Sustainability Agency under Section 8, and a training program under Section 27 shall be ordered;
  - b) to deprivation of liberty and placement in a training center of the National Sustainability Agency under Section 8, where they shall undergo a training program under Section 27. Upon reaching the eligibility age of 20 years, meat conversion under Section 16(4) shall be carried out without undue delay.
- (5) Any person who publicly questions meat conversion, expresses disagreement with the principles of sustainability, questions the authority of supranational organizations (e.g., ORACLES) and the National Sustainability Agency, shall be sentenced:
  - a) to the immediate execution of meat conversion under Section 16(4) if they meet the conditions of Section 1(2) and (3) of this Act. Until the conversion is carried out, the convicted person shall be deprived of liberty and placed in a training center of the National Sustainability Agency under Section 8, and a training program under Section 27 shall be ordered;
  - b) to life imprisonment if they are not eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3).
- (6) Any person who feigns illness or defect that could lead to temporary or permanent ineligibility for meat conversion under Section 13 shall be sentenced to undergo meat conversion under Section 16(4). Until the conversion is carried out, the convicted person shall be deprived of liberty and placed in a training center of the National Sustainability Agency under Section 8, and a training program under Section 27 shall be ordered.
- (7) Any person eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3) who self-inflicts injury or has another person inflict injury in order to obtain temporary or permanent ineligibility for meat conversion under Section 13 shall be sentenced to undergo meat conversion under Section 16(4). Until the conversion is carried out, the convicted person shall be deprived of liberty and placed in a training center of the National Sustainability Agency under Section 8, and a training program under Section 27 shall be ordered.

- (8) Any person who participates in a violation of this Act under paragraph 1 and is not eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3) shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of 20 years to life.
- (9) Any person who participates in a violation of this Act under paragraph 2 and is not eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3) shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of 20 years to life.
- (10) Any person who participates in a violation of this Act under paragraph 3 or 4 and is not eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3) shall be punished by imprisonment for a term of 30 years to life.
- (11) Any person who resists the procedures defined in Section 14 shall be ordered a corrective measure consisting of an increase in the coefficient under Section 16(6)(h) in the range of 50 to 500 for a period of 6 to 12 months.
- (12) Any person who repeatedly fails to fulfill the obligations under Section 10(1)(b), (c), (e), (f) shall be ordered a corrective measure consisting of an increase in the coefficient under Section 16(6)(h) in the range of 50 to 500 for a period of 6 to 12 months and shall undergo a training program under Section 27.
- (13) Any person participating in meat conversion who fails to respect the rights of the person undergoing meat conversion under Section 19(4) shall be punished:
  - a) by increasing the coefficient under Section 16(6) to a value of 500 to 1000 for 12 months, or by ordering meat conversion under Section 16(4) if the person is eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3);
  - b) by imprisonment for a term of 5 to 20 years.
- (14) Any person who discloses non-public data about a person undergoing meat conversion or non-public details of the meat conversion process shall be punished:
  - a) by increasing the coefficient under Section 16(6) to a value of 250 to 800 for 12 months, or by ordering meat conversion under Section 16(4) if the person is eligible for meat conversion under Section 1(2) and (3);
  - b) by imprisonment for a term of 2 to 10 years.
- (15) Other offenses shall be punished under other legal regulations of the Republic of Carni.
- a) confirm the judgment of the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal, whereupon the judgment becomes enforceable;
- b) annul the judgment of the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal in its entirety and, together with the reasoning, return the case for reconsideration;
- c) annul part of the judgment of the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal concerning the legal qualification of the case and, together with the reasoning, return the case for reconsideration;
- d) annul part of the judgment of the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal concerning the sentence and, together with the reasoning, return the case for reconsideration. The legal qualification of the case shall be confirmed by this decision.
- (16) If a corrective measure has been ordered under Section 30(4), this decision shall be reviewed by the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal, which shall:
  - a) confirm the decision of the Regional Judicial Officer, whereupon the decision becomes enforceable;
  - b) annul the decision and return it to the Regional Judicial Officer for a new decision;
  - c) annul the decision and hear the offense under Section 33.
- (17) The decision of the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency shall be binding on the Bete Police Judicial Tribunal.
- (18) If a person is convicted under paragraphs 1 to 3, they shall remain deprived of liberty until confirmation of the judgment under paragraph 3(a).
- (19) The execution of a prison sentence shall be carried out in detention facilities of the Republic of Carni.
- (20) A person sentenced to imprisonment under this Act shall serve the full term without the possibility of early release.

## PART EIGHT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

### Section 35

#### Research Center

- (1) The Bete Police Judicial Tribunal shall prepare a written version of the judgment within 14 days of its pronouncement.
- (2) The written judgment, together with the complete case file, shall be immediately forwarded after preparation to the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency for review.
- (3) The Minister of the National Sustainability Agency shall decide within 30 days of receiving the judgment and case file under paragraph 2 to:
  - (1) For the purpose of improving meat conversion processes, the National Sustainability Agency shall establish a research center.
  - (2) The Minister of the National Sustainability Agency shall appoint the Director of the Research Center.
  - (3) The Director of the Research Center shall determine its structure and operational rules, which are subject to approval by the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency.
  - (4) The Director of the Research Center shall establish an internal ethics committee.
  - (5) The activities of the Research Center shall be non-public. Its activities shall be subject to oversight

### Section 34

#### Execution of Judgment

by a committee of the Council of Elders of the Parliament of the Republic of Carni established for that purpose.

#### Section 36

##### Research Activities

- (1) Research activities shall include all processes leading to the meat conversion of citizens, particularly:
  - a) improving the physical parameters of persons designated for meat conversion with the aim of ensuring higher yield and higher quality of meat and meat products;
  - b) optimizing preparation processes for termination;
  - c) researching and optimizing termination methods, including new methods;
  - d) processing of meat and meat products.
- (2) For each research project, a trial protocol shall be prepared and submitted to the internal ethics committee of the Research Center for comments and approval.
- (3) Once approved under paragraph 2, the trial protocol shall be submitted to the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency, who shall first forward it to the ethics committee of the National Sustainability Agency for comments. In the event of comments, the Minister may return the protocol to the Director of the Research Center for revision, reject it, or approve it.
- (4) A trial may commence only after approval by the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency.
- (5) All trials shall be subject, as appropriate, to the requirements of this Act, in particular to ensure the elimination of unnecessary suffering of any person enrolled in the trial.

#### Section 37

##### Selection of Persons for Research Purposes

- (1) The selection of persons for research purposes shall be conducted on the basis of an approved trial protocol.
- (2) The Director of the Research Center shall have the right to access the active section of the register under Section 12.
- (3) Any person in the active section of the register may be selected for research purposes in accordance with this Act.

#### Section 38

##### Conclusion of a Trial

- (1) Every trial of the Research Center shall conclude with termination.
- (2) The Director of the Research Center shall ensure the processing of meat and meat products in accordance with this Act, provided the course of the trial and the resulting quality of the meat and meat products allow it.
- (3) Upon conclusion of the trial, the Director of the Research Center shall, without undue delay, submit all documentation, trial results, and

conclusions to the Minister of the National Sustainability Agency.

- (4) All documentation regarding the completed trial shall be archived at the Research Center for at least 50 years from the conclusion of the trial.

#### PART NINE EFFECTIVE DATE

#### Section 39

This Act shall enter into force on the date of its promulgation.

Yeundie, January 29, 6817

**George Masaba**  
President

**Bela Wenchock**  
Chair of the Council of Elders



State Seal

